

Rural Settlement and Local Authority Plan-Making – Practical Advice



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How should the development plan successfully respond to the strategic policy context?



Evidence based approach



Co-ordinated with Core Strategy & Housing Strategy (NPO 20)



Policy framework for areas under urban influence (NPO 15 & 19) – map and 'local need' criteria



Regeneration of rural villages & alternatives (NPO 16 & 18b)



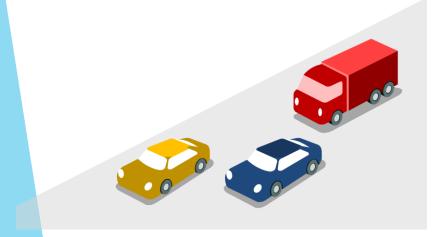
Environmental and planning criteria (Guidelines)

Core Strategy & Housing Strategy



Use of Core Strategy and Housing Strategy to estimate the need for single housing in the countryside (NPO 20)

Focus on the sustainable development of rural areas, managing growth of areas under strong urban influence to avoid over-development, while sustaining vibrant rural communities (NPO 15)



Sustainable Settlement & Transport Strategy

Car-dependant development

Core Strategy & Housing Strategy

HST HNDA Total Homes needed Housing Core Strategy Strategy Rural Housing

Need

Tenure & Specialist

Evidence based approach



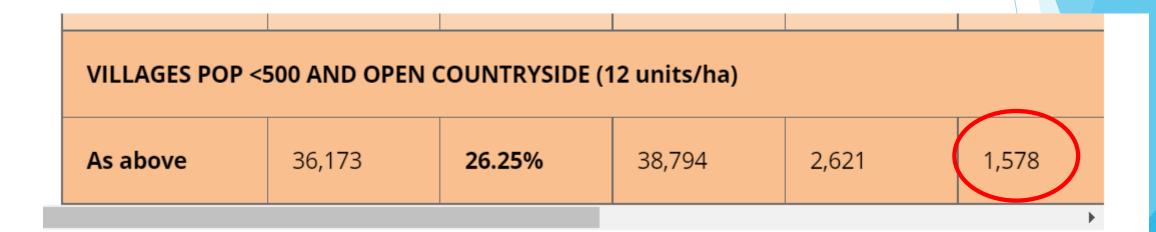
Policy Framework



Local knowledge



Example – Laois Draft County Development Plan



[11] This figure includes an approximation of **100** rural one off dwellings per annum over the lifetime of the Plan. Refer to Section 6.2 of the Laois Draft Housing Strategy and Housing Needs Demand Assessment for analysis of rural one off dwellings

NPO 19 – Areas under urban Influence





Rural Housing Map

Identify areas under urban influence & elsewhere

Avoid a 'patchwork approach' with multiple categories/ lots of small rural area designations Option to 'layer' planning and environmental constraints

Local Needs criteria

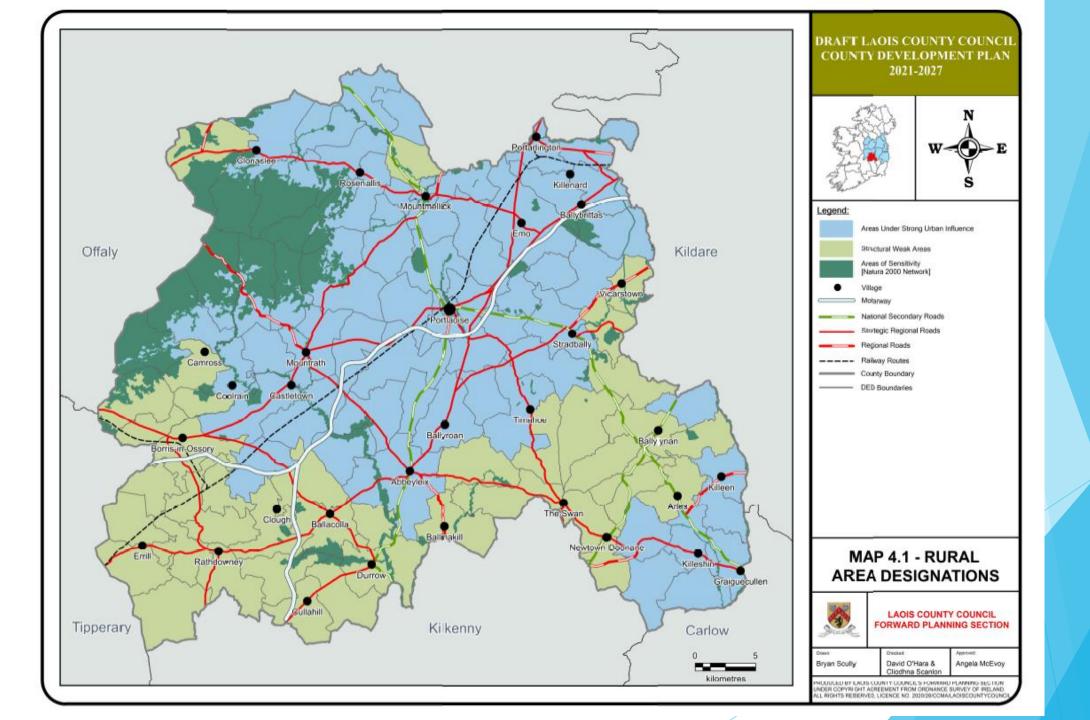
Areas under urban influence - Economic or social need criteria + planning and environmental criteria

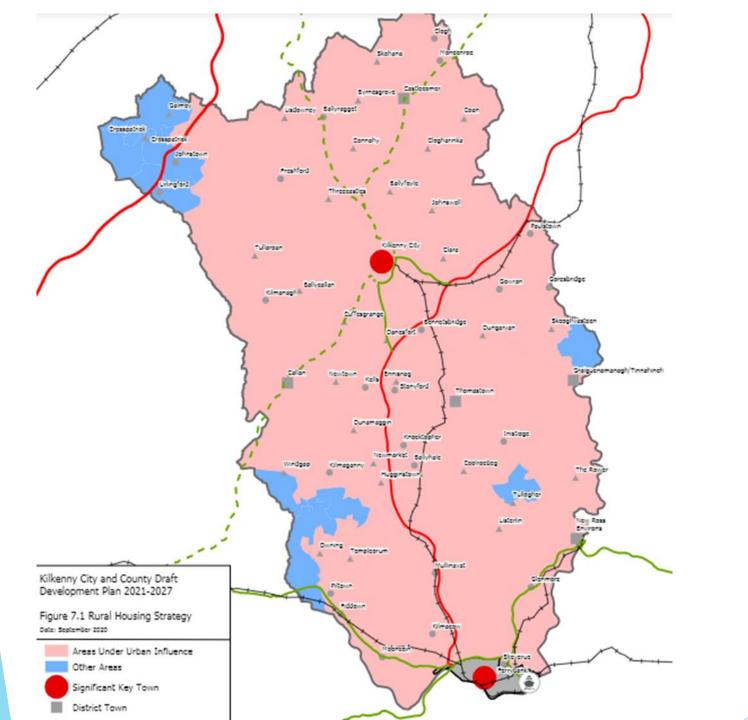
Else where – mainly planning and environmental criteria

Identification of Areas under urban influence



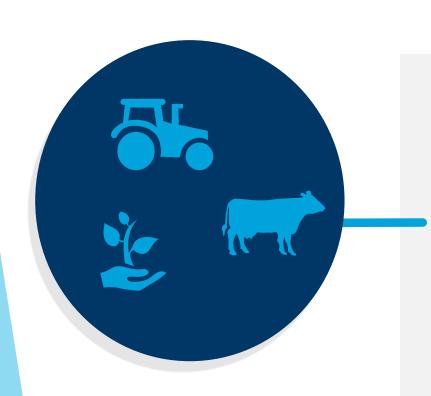
- Proximity cities and towns or to major transport corridors with ready access to urban areas
- High levels of commuting pattern (CSO data)
- Areas with high population growth in the County (CSO data)
- Ready access to a good road network with ready access to the larger urban areas to urban areas
- Urban centres beyond the County boundary







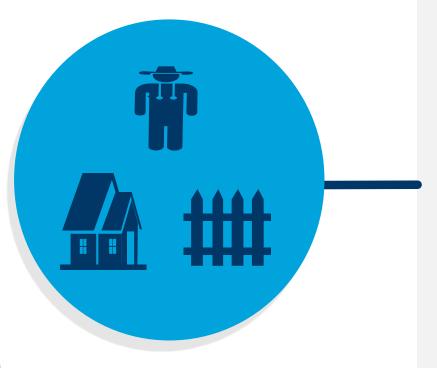
Rural Housing Criteria - Economic Need



Employed full-time in rural-based activity such as farming, horticulture, forestry, bloodstock or other rural-based activity in the area

Employment is intrinsically linked to the rural area with a functional need to reside permanently in the rural area close to their place of work – control: provided that they have never owned a house in a rural area.

Rural Housing Criteria - Social Need



- Persons who have lived a substantial period of their lives in the local rural area – Controls: minimum no. years, maximum distance, never owned a rural house
- Returning emigrants Controls
- Permanent home (ie not holiday or second home)
- Other specific criteria (eg separation or divorce) Controls

.... Having regard to the viability of smaller towns and rural settlements

NPO 16 & 18b – Regeneration & Alternatives



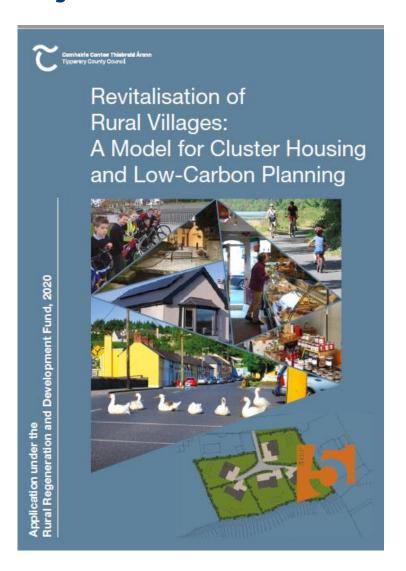




NPO 16 & 18 – Regeneration & Alternatives

- Targeted measures to support regeneration
- Address vacant premises and deliver sustainable reuse
- Place making Creating attractive places to live, work and visit
- Alternatives Serviced Sites and village clusters
- Using available funding mechanisms Rural Regeneration and Development Fund (€1bn)

Proactive approach - Kilsheelan Serviced Sites Project



Successful RRDF funding application

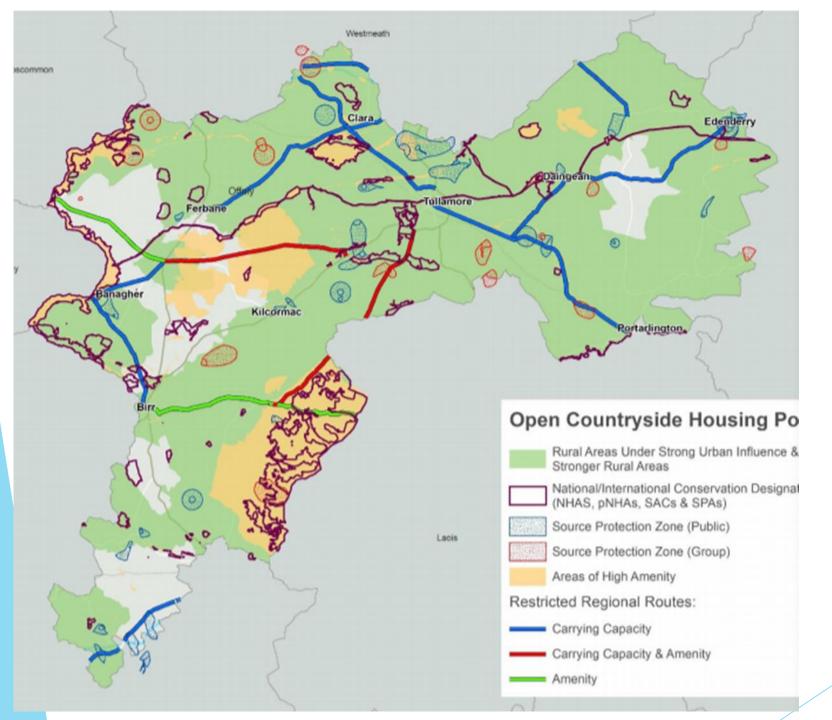
Tipperary County Council: Roads, footpaths, lighting, services, and design and development of open space

Partnership: with Tidy Town Group for maintenance of open spaces and amenity areas

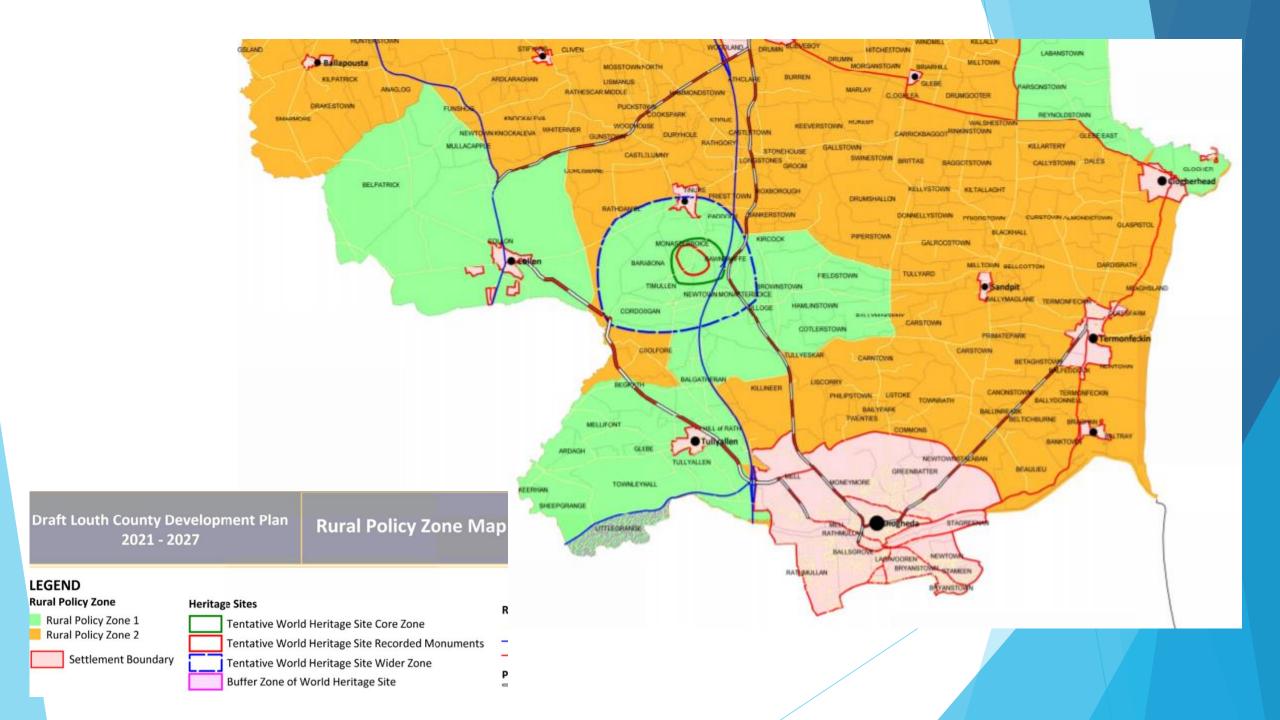
Irish Water: Close liaison with IW Spatial Planning Section in relation to wastewater treatment (letter of support for funding application)

Planning & Environmental Criteria

- Siting and design Local Design Guides
- Potential erosion of landscape character
- Road safety/traffic Spatial Planning and National Roads, Guidelines for Planning Authorities 2012
- Water quality EPA Code of Practice
- Human health Source Protection Zones
- Ecology & biodiversity
- **Q** Heritage archaeology







Re-cap

Strong balanced approach to the management of urban generated housing in open countryside

Avoid

- X Over-spill development from urban areas direct urban generated housing to areas zoned and identified for new housing development in the city, town and villages
- X Ribbon development

Support

- ✓ Revitalised rural towns and villages
- ✓ Sustainable compact growth targets

Protect

- Rural environment water quality, biodiversity, landscape amenity
- National Investment in infrastructure
- * Rural resource for rural communities